January 18, 2012 (at Tokyo) "Current situation on the investment for agricultural land and sustainable use of biomass: How Japan should act? "

Land grabbing cases with the Japanese Companies Involvement in the Philippines

--- Isabela Bioethanol Project ---(Tentative Translation)



FoE Japan Hozue HATAE E-mail: hatae@foejapan.org

Contents

Isabela Bioethanol Production and Power Plant

- Project Overview
- Material Procurement (Sugarcane)
 - Where, How, and Main Issues related to land
- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to be needed for Private Project

(Manong Diony's part)

- Life of Farmers in Isabela
- Concrete Problems / Concerns caused by Project
 - Farmland grabbing and Risk at Food Security
 - Labor Condition
- Activity and Demands of Farmers

- Isabela, Philippines (North-eastern Luzon)
- Bioethanol plant = in San Mariano
- Farmland for Sugarcane
 - = within 30-km radius from the Bioethanol plant



Purpose

1. Projection and Sale of Bioethanol from Sugarcane (Annual Production 54,000 kl = Largest in the Philippines) → Mix into gasoline for cars in domestic ← Biofuel Act (Republic Act No. 9367) = effective in February 2007 (5% mandated since 2009)

 2. Supply of Renewable energy from Sugarcane bagasse (maximum 19MW. Excess power to be sold = 13MW)
 → Projected CO2 emission reduction = 543,850 t (Under application process of CDM registration)

* Continuous employment for around 3,000 households

Project Cost US \$ 120 million



Project Proponent

- Bioethanol Production and Power Plant
 - **Green Future Inovation. Inc. (GFII)**



- = Invested by Japan, Philippines, and Taiwan's companies Japanese Companies = Itochu, JGC
- Sugarcane Cultivation and Supply ECOFUEL Land Development Inc.



= 100 % investment from Philippin companies Investor from Isabela etc.

Chronology

- 2007 --- Public consultations with LGU / residents = Started explanation on project and lease / growing contract
- 2008 --- Started sugarcane cultivation at San Mariano
- April 2010 Formal Announcement of Itochu and JGC on Participating the Project
- April 2010 Issued the Environmental Compliance Certificate (ECC) for the plants
- November 2010 Started the preparation for the construction of the plants
- November 2010 President Aquino visited Japan

Mentioned the project as one of the successful attraction of Japanese enterprise

- April 2011 Itochu applied for CDM registration of UNFCCC

Bioethanol Plant

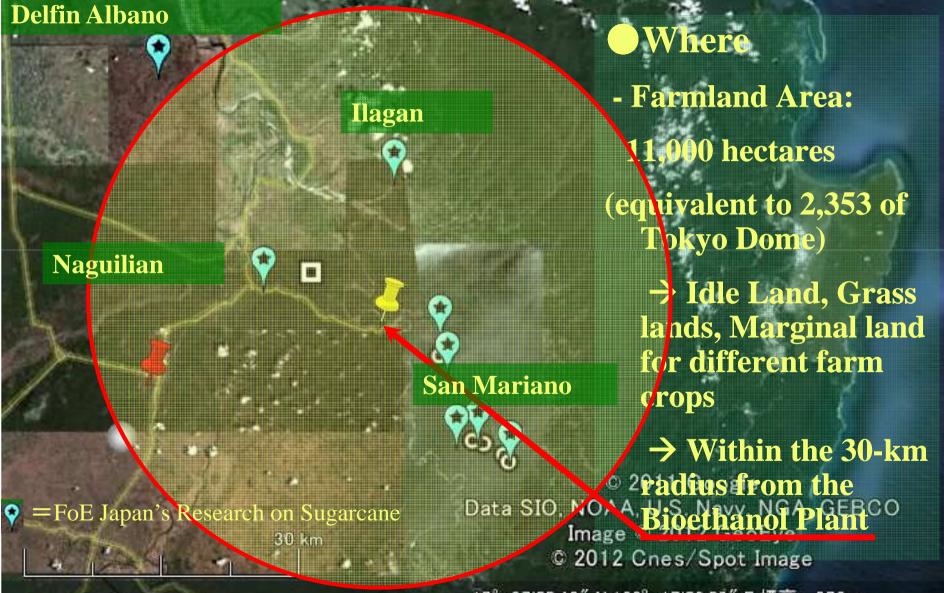
Barangay Malabo, San Mariano

- Site Area = 31ha

including 4ha = Power Plant

- After EIS, ECC was issued
 - → Commercial Operation= to start in May 2012





17°07'55.48″N122°17'59.53″E標高 378 m

How

- **1. Land Lease Contract**
- 2. Contract Growing Arrangement
- 1. Land Lease Contract
 - 5,000 10,000 pesos / ha / year = Lease amount
 - Lease period = renewable every 3 years
 - Payment for Lease = lump sum of 3 years at once
 - signing bonus = 500 pesos / ha etc..
- 2. Contract Growing Arrangement
 - ECOFUEL will provide all inputs (fertilizer and farm labor etc.) (no interest)
 - ECOFUEL will buy all the harvest (deduction of all cost from gross benefit)
 - Training and assisting on sugarcane farming for free
 - Signing bonus 500 pesos / ha etc..



Main Issues related to Land

- * Bargaining Power of Farmers
 - → Unfavorable Contract with ECOFUEL
 - Cheap lease amount
 - Unknown price for company to buy
 - Continuous payment of tax etc. during contract period etc.
- * Insufficient support for agriculture from government

→ Contract with ECOFUEL

- Lack of farm inputs \rightarrow Idle land

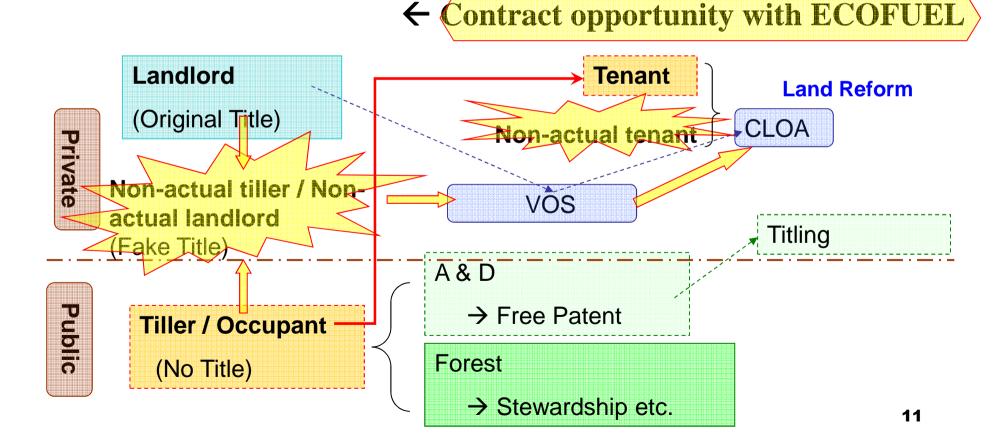
 \rightarrow Land-use conversion of farmland for food production

Joint Administrative Order No. 2008-1, Series of 2008 = To avoid the disorderly land-use conversion

Only one remaining farmland for food production in the community X
Area where you can find public / private irrigation facility / where an individual irrigated for rice / corn production X etc.

Main Issues related to Land

- * Actual tiller / tenant = lack of prior consultation / consent
 - = hardship of livelihood
- Incentive for land speculation among influence persons/landlords



CSR to be Needed for Private Project

- How could the existing policies be effective?
- CSR Action Guidelines for Supply Chains of each company etc.
- the 10 Principles of the UN Global Compact (HR / Labor etc.)
- How could the "Old" problems be addressed in full private project (with no involvement of public sectors)
- Thorough adoption of Free, Prior, and Informed Consent
 - Contract in English with legal terms
 - \rightarrow in understandable language and manner
 - No copy of contract provided etc. \rightarrow to provide the copy
- Recognition of / consideration for wider stakeholder (socially vulnerable sector etc.)
 - Tiller without title, Tenant, IPs / Informal agricultural labor

→ to grasp / understand the characteristic of the society/ politics / culture etc. 12

ありがとうございました!

hatae@foejapan.org